

THE ARGUS.  
EDITED AND PUBLISHED BY  
P. D. COLE, and W. C. LAWRENCE.  
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EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

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THE WEEKLY VOLUME;  
A Select Circulating Library for town and country.

On the first Wednesday of January, 1845, Will be published at Philadelphia the first number of Smith's Weekly Volume, a Select Circulating Library for the town and country, on the plan of Waldie's at a greatly reduced price, of a large size and new type.—Conducted by the original, and, for the first seven years, the sole editor of Waldie's Library and to be published by his son, Since the discontinuance of "Waldie," occasioned the derangements of the currency, and since the death of Mr. Waldie in '40, the editor has been constantly reminded by numerous old subscribers and friends that the plan of publishing books cheaply, in a form to go by mail so long popular, and which he was the first to suggest and carry out, a plan which has afforded an immense class of educated individuals a mental resource adapted to their taste, was still a great unsupplied public want. The time has arrived when he feels called upon to select for families and individuals good and popular books. The mass of ephemeral literature which has lately been poured upon us in a still increasing flood, while it has perplexed the many, has, in the opinion of the reflecting, vitiated the literary atmosphere by indiscriminately seizing upon good, bad and indifferent works, and often leaving untouched the more pleasing and gratifying production of European pens. We now offer—  
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IV. An ample cash capital provided to ensure the continuance of the work.

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TERMS:  
"The Weekly Volume, or Select Circulating Library," will be printed on a double super-royal sheet, sixteen pages quarto, three columns on each, and mailed weekly with great care so as to carry with perfect safety to the most distant post office.

Journal of Belles Letters By thus increasing the size of the paper, we occupy, without decreasing the quantity of book-matter, the two first pages as a Journal of Belles Letters, formerly printed as a cover.

The whole will be printed and finished with the same care and accuracy as book work.

The price is four dollars for fifty-two numbers of sixteen quarto pages each.

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# THE ARGUS, AND UNION COUNTY ADVERTISER.

VOLUME I. MARYSVILLE, OHIO, JANUARY 4, 1845. NUMBER 35.

## AUDITOR'S SALE OF Delinquent Lands and Town-Lots, FOR TAXES.

THE following is a list of Lands and Town-Lots returned delinquent by Alexander Pollock, Treasurer of Union County, for the Taxes, Interest and Penalties due thereon, for 1843, and the simple Tax added for the year 1844:

OWNERS' NAMES.	ORIGINAL QUANTITY.	No. OF ENTRY.	WATER COURSE.	ORIGINAL PROPRIETOR.	PRESENT QUANTITY.	VALU.	TAX INTEREST AND PENALTY, FOR 1843.	SIMPLE TAX FOR 1844.	TOTAL TAX.
Union Township, No. 1.									
Buckner A H	500	9724	Darby creek	B Forsythe	125	331	6 50 4	4 96 5	11 46 9
Darby Township, No. 2.									
Brown John	100	4903	same	William Patton	50	105	3 12 2	1 64 4	4 76 6
Douglass W H	200	5142	same	John Arnold	180	448	8 80 3	6 94 4	15 74 7
Robinson's James heirs	310	3682	same	Robert Parrot	100	292	5 73 7	4 52 0	10 25 7
Jerome Township, No. 3.									
Brown Peter	466	6420	Scioto river	William Barlow	28	49	96 2	73 5	1 69 7
Bigelow Daniel R	600	3743	Darby	Robert Means	100	318	6 24 8	4 93 9	11 18 7
Bigelow Isaac	82	5128	Scioto	Lucas Sullivan	32	68	1 33 5	1 05 4	2 38 9
Bethard Elijah	149	9367,10614	Darby	James Galloway	23	55	1 08 0	85 2	1 93 2
Barlow Edmund	600	3743	same	Robert Means	75	239	4 69 6	6 93 0	11 62 6
Bethard Elijah	296	6595	same	Thomas Parker	36	105	2 06 3	1 62 7	3 69 0
Chapman Silas G	94	5265	same	Lucas Sullivan	4	14	28 0	21 7	49 7
Conner Patrick	600	5132	same	James Galloway	50	120	2 35 8	1 86 0	4 21 8
Ferris Lucy	466	6420	Scioto	William Barlow	101	214	2 20 4	3 31 7	5 52 1
Galloway James	407	9736	Darby	James Galloway	201	479	9 41 2	7 42 4	16 83 6
Hays James	526	7073	same	Richard Waters	122	241	4 73 5	6 94 8	11 68 3
Hagar John B	94	5265	Darby	Lucas Sullivan	37	118	2 30 0	1 82 9	4 12 9
Harper James H	450	6581	same	John Galloway	85	180	3 53 7	2 79 0	6 32 7
Latimer Stephen	350	3452	same	Wm Barksdale	111	236	4 62 2	3 65 8	8 28 0
Luckingbill & Noble	666	2990	same	John Philips	69	165	3 42 2	2 55 7	5 97 9
Low John	407	9736	Darby	James Galloway	103	218	3 28 3	3 37 9	6 66 2
McCune William	94	5265	same	Lucas Sullivan	42	134	2 61 0	2 07 7	4 68 7
McClung Joseph	600	3743	same	James Galloway	80	254	4 99 0	3 93 7	8 92 7
Mcumber Alvi	666	2990	Scioto	John Philips	31	74	1 45 3	1 14 7	2 60 0
Robinson James jr	400	3475	Darby	Robert Woodcock	103	220	4 42 3	3 41 0	7 83 3
Shoyer Frederick	1330	2991	Scioto	John Philips	125	287	5 64 1	4 44 8	10 08 9
Unknown	149	1367	same	James Galloway	42	89	1 74 9	1 37 9	3 12 8
Unknown	100	5143	same	T L Doran	127	336	6 56 2	9 68 8	16 25 0
Unknown	350	3452	same	Wm Barksdale	23	47	96 0	72 8	1 68 8
Millcreek Township, No. 4.									
Bowersmith Isaac	1086	2989	Mill creek	John Philips	44	117	2 60 5	1 75 5	4 36 0
Burdock Hezekiah	1890	5477	same	John Cole	25	59	1 31 4	88 5	2 19 9
Boughman J & D Concklin	1000	1307	same	Robt Dandridge	60	222	4 94 3	3 30 0	8 27 3
Concklin William	1600	5477	same	John Cole	139	368	8 18 5	5 52 0	13 70 5
Gillet E D	400	1573	same	Sidney Grosby	14	41	91 2	66 5	1 57 7
Gillet Aaron	400	1573	same	same	36	95	2 11 5	1 42 5	3 54 0
Kent Emmerellias	1090	3006	same	Peter Talbot	50	133	2 96 1	1 99 5	4 95 6
Strong Silas G	1586	2993	same	Samuel Seldon	5	12	72 6	18 0	90 6
Dover Township, No. 5.									
Bowdre Mary's heirs	1538	5408	same	Robert Means	23	50	1 17 9	92 5	2 10 4
Hawey Charles & Jane	1087	3007	same	John Graham	116	301	7 09 7	5 56 8	12 66 5
Overton John's heirs	1000	4035	same	John Overton	403	1067	25 15 9	16 73 9	41 89 8
Rolston Wm S	1338	5498	Blues creek	Robert Means	32	68	1 60 9	1 25 8	2 86 7
Reynolds James	428	5504	Millcreek	same	53	127	2 99 4	2 34 9	5 34 3
Strong Silas G	800	552	same	same	55	151	3 55 9	2 79 3	6 35 2
same	1338	5499	Blues creek	same	91	241	5 68 2	4 45 8	10 14 0
Paris Township, No. 6.									
Delph George W	1000	2256	Millcreek	Edward Dowse	80	95	2 30 1	1 56 7	3 86 8
Hegan Derfer George	1000	2256	same	same	26	78	1 67 6	1 35 7	3 03 3
Hoskins O A	500	5416	same	Nathan Lamb	330	1049	25 42 1	17 30 8	42 72 9
Jordan William	800	1913	same	Thomas Kennon	35	111	2 70 3	1 83 1	4 53 4
Kroutline J P	1000	2256	same	Edward Dowse	78	234	5 03 0	3 86 1	8 89 1
McDowel Thos C	800	1913	same	Thomas Kennon	170	540	13 09 6	8 91 0	22 00 0
McLain Stephen	1087	3551	same	Edward Dowse	3	18	42 5	29 8	72 3
Phelps Levi	1087	3551	same	same	43	205	4 96 7	3 38 2	7 34 9
Romoser Godfrey	439	5140	same	R C Anderson	210	557	13 49 8	9 19 0	22 68 8
Snodgrass James	44	10020	same	James Galloway	44	140	3 39 2	2 31 0	5 70 2
Westlake Josiah	666	4075	same	Benjamin Biggs	100	292	7 07 6	4 81 8	11 89 4
Westlake James	666	4075	same	same	61	186	4 50 7	3 06 9	7 57 6
Watkins Joseph	540	5303	same	Edward Dowse	56	163	3 85 8	2 68 9	6 54 7
Westlake Samuel	600	1913	same	Thomas Kennon	77	245	5 96 1	4 05 9	10 02 0
Westlake James	666	4075	same	Benjamin Biggs	164	478	11 88 3	7 88 7	19 77 0
Winget Stephen	1000	4069	same	E Rickman	20	74	1 79 3	1 22 1	3 01 4
Liberty Township, No. 7.									
Ashton Lawrence	1333	4404	same	Benjamin Grimes	34	99	2 45 0	1 88 1	4 33 1
Baughn William M	1333	4404	same	same	138	439	10 68 6	8 34 1	19 02 7
Burnham David	400	3487	same	Joel Jones & others	284	490	12 19 5	9 31 0	21 50 5
Clark Asa	1600	12472	same	Mary Vance	41	72	1 79 2	1 36 8	3 16 0
Colyer Russel	900	3462	same	John Scarborough	180	435	10 82 6	8 26 5	17 07 1
Ford Lederal	1823	12393,12413,12400,12403	same	James Galloway	100	226	5 62 4	4 29 4	9 91 8
Griffin Samuel	1823	12393,12413,12400,12403	same	same	6	12	29 8	23 8	52 6
Garret Noah	1600	12472	same	Mary Vance	49	91	1 84 1	1 72 9	3 57 0
Hosack David	1380	4915	same	Lewellyn Jones	67	160	3 98 2	4 46 5	8 44 7
Hammond Ezekiel	1823	12393,12413,12400,12403	same	James Galloway	50	106	2 63 7	2 01 4	4 65 1
Hanson Charles	880	6576,6563	same	Duncan McArthur	44	93	2 31 4	1 76 7	4 08 1
Hutchinson A F	1823	5778,5806,5641,6495	same	Robert Means	110	300	7 46 7	5 70 0	13 16 7
Johnson David	1380	4815	same	Lewellyn Jones	120	318	7 91 4	6 04 2	13 95 6
Power John	750	12282	same	Richard Dorsey	95	165	4 08 2	3 11 6	7 19 8
Ramsey Robert	1000	3444	same	David Duncan	100	239	5 94 8	4 54 1	10 48 9
Smith Archibald	1823	12393,12413,12400,12403	same	James Galloway	41	76	1 89 1	1 44 4	3 33 5
Spain John	750	12282	same	Richard Dorsey	100	178	4 30 5	3 28 7	7 59 2
Smith Charles	600	4689	same	Jacob Wolston	100	212	5 27 6	4 02 8	9 30 4
Taylor Thomas	880	6576,6573	same	Duncan McArthur	160	260	5 46 8	4 04 0	10 40 8
Watts Robert	1600	12472	same	same	100	212	5 27 6	4 02 8	9 30 4
Weatherby William	523	12399,12402,12396	same	James Galloway	100	165	4 60 8	3 81 5	8 41 8

ADVERTISING.  
Advertisements will be inserted at the following rates: for one square, not exceeding fourteen lines, \$1.00 the first three insertions, and twenty five cents for every subsequent insertion.  
A liberal discount to those who advertise by the quarter, or longer time.  
Religious, notices, marriages, &c. inserted free.

A club of ten for \$25, or \$2.50 each.  
But in no case can the publication be forwarded unless the order is accompanied with the remittance.  
A specimen number will be forwarded, without charge, to all who request it, postage paid.  
LLOYD P. SMITH, Publisher.  
No 19 St. James' street, running from 6th to 7th, above Market, and directly in the rear of St. James' Church.  
Phil'a, Dec. 14, no 31.

### PROSPECTUS OF THE OHIO STATE JOURNAL.

SESSION PAPER, FOR 1844-'45.  
For the first time for many years, there is a whig majority in both branches of the Legislature of Ohio. This majority is ample, and throws the responsibility of what may be done, almost entirely on the whigs as a party. This fact invests the proceedings of the coming session with extraordinary interest. The eyes and hopes of the people will be fixed on the deliberations of the majority. They will enter on their duties conscious of this fact, and with a full sense of their responsibility. They will act firmly and boldly, with a steady reliance on the purity of their intentions. They will not hesitate to do what they believe to be right, however loud the clamors of their opponents. The people will stand by them. Of this they have given a sufficient guarantee by the verdict of the ballot-box. Under such circumstances we cannot but rejoice in the position of the whigs of Ohio. They are triumphant, and they have the power to entrench themselves in the confidence of the people and establish permanently a wise and sound policy for the State. They can break down forever the rule of a corrupt set of demagogues who have trifled with the interests and feelings of the people for many long & weary years; and they will do it. They can rescue the honor and credit of the State from impending ruin; and they will do it. They can give us honest, wise and faithful officers; and they will do it. With the General Government, administered with whig principles, they could do all and more than any have anticipated; with that against us, they have still the power of staying the downward progress of our beloved State.  
We cannot be mistaken in supposing that the whigs of Ohio will avail themselves of an opportunity of scanning the proceedings of the next Legislature. We propose giving them such an opportunity, through the medium of a Daily Session Paper; and we do so with confidence that the session journal will have a larger circulation than any central paper has ever before had in the State of Ohio. We pledge ourselves that the Journal shall give full, faithful and early reports of the doings of both Houses, and that the general politics and the local and general news of the day, (including Congressional proceedings) shall be furnished to our readers as early as through any other medium. Our arrangements are such, as we feel assured, will be satisfactory; and we confidently appeal to the whigs of the State to render us a liberal patronage.

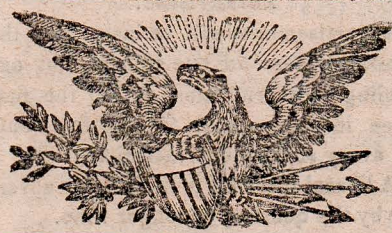
We shall continue, as at present, the Tri-Weekly Journal, and give to our readers in it, all the matter of the Daily.  
Terms of Session Paper.  
Daily paper for Session \$3 00  
Tri-Weekly 1 50  
Weekly 50  
Terms of payment invariably in advance.

Yearly Terms.  
Daily during the Session, and Tri-Weekly the balance of the year \$5 00  
Tri-Weekly, by the year 4 00  
Weekly 2 00  
Payment in advance.  
Our friends who act as agents, and to whom this prospectus is sent, will send in the names as early as possible, that we may know how large an edition will be needed. They will be careful to designate, legibly, the name of the subscriber, and the paper wanted.  
Nov. 16, 1844.

To the Public.  
NOTICE is hereby given, that SAMUEL McBRATNEY, is my only authorized agent, for the collection of any monies due me in Union county, and that his receipt, and his alone, will be acknowledged by me.  
Those who are still indebted for job work, advertising, or subscription, are urgently requested to make immediate settlement.  
R. McBRATNEY.  
June 8, 1844 x5 3t.  
Printer's fee 1 00.



## THE ARGUS.



MARYSVILLE.

SATURDAY...JAN. 4, 1845.

## AN APOLOGY.

We owe an apology to our subscribers, for the amount of old advertisements that have been in the last three or four No's of our paper—it has been unavoidable. This No. is the last of the Delinquent List, and most of the old advertisements; after this we shall be able to give more reading matter.

## SMITH'S WEEKLY VOLUME.

We have received the 1st and 2d No's of "The Weekly Volume," (published in Philadelphia.) The object of the work (to wit, to publish new and useful books in a cheap form,) we think is a good one; and from what we have seen of the first No's, we think it bids fair to be a cheap and useful publication. Prospectus on the first page.

The Hon. PETER HITCHCOCK was, on the 27th ult., elected Judge of the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge LANE.

At the same time, JOHN L. TAYLOR was elected Major General of the 16th Division Ohio Militia.

## A HOAX.

The account we gave in our last, (and which has been going the round of the papers) concerning the bloody riot at the Red Oak Settlement, in Brown county, Ohio, between the Kentuckians and the Abolitionists, turns out to be a hoax. Nothing of the kind took place.

## NORTH CAROLINA—TEXAS.

The House of Representatives of N. Carolina (a large majority being Whig) has voted down a resolution in favor of the Annexation of Texas. The following is the Resolution:

"Resolved, That in our opinion the territory of Texas ought to be annexed to the United States as speedily as possible, provided the same can be effected without any compromise of the rights, interest, and honor of the Union."

Even thus guarded by a proviso against the commitment of the national honor, &c., this resolution, after a protracted debate, was rejected by a vote of 62 to 119.

## CONGRESSIONAL MAJORITY.

Last week the vote for members of Congress from this State was opened and officially reported. There were declared to be elected 13 Locofocos and 8 Whigs by the following majorities:

Locos.	Whigs.
Faran 1639	Schenck 2422
Cunningham 509	Vance 4050
Sawyer 1015	Delano 12
St. John 1697	Vinton 2997
McDowell 960	Harper 1137
Thurman 332	Tilden 810
Perrill 678	Giddings 4661
Brinkerhoff 965	Root 551
Parish 205	
Morris 609	16,639
Cummins 1103	11,739
Fries 463	
Starkweather 632	Whig maj. 4,960

11,739

Let every man who pretends to honesty in politics look at this statement; and ask his conscience, if he can support such villainy. Here we have a Whig majority of near five thousand, and yet they have elected only eight members; and but for the accidental unpopularity of McNulty we should have had but seven. But one opinion can exist on the system of districts in Ohio; and that is that it should be altered instantly. If the State cannot have but a third of the representatives in Congress with a majority of 5000, in the name of Justice, what other right may they not be robbed of? Some think it will be impolitic to change the districts, but we cannot think so; and we hope it will be done and left with the people to decide upon.—Hamilton Intel.

Thomas Tacs wishes his Auger returned.

## DELINQUENT LIST—CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

OWNERS' NAMES.	ORIGINAL QUANTITY.	No. OF ENTRY.	WATER COURSE.	ORIGINAL PROPRIETOR.	PRESENT QUANTITY.	VALUE.	TAX INTEREST AND PENALTY, FOR 1843.	SIMPLE TAX FOR 1844.	TOTAL TAX.
<b>Leesburg Township, No. 8.</b>									
Brannon Joseph	1000	3394	Bokescreek	F Frazier	105	250	5 07 6	3 87 5	8 95 1
Barnet Jesse	1833	5323	same	Robert Means	116	215	4 35 1	3 32 2	7 67 3
Baker Thomas	1000	3594	same	F Frazier	2	6	14 4	09 3	23 7
Crew Thomas	900	6033	same	John Beard	115	212	4 30 4	3 23 6	7 59 0
Goodrich Henry	1000	3693	same	F Frazier	100	292	5 92 8	4 52 6	10 45 4
Gates Simon	1776	5503	Bluescreek	A Mead	614	130	2 63 9	2 01 5	4 65 4
Hoskins Richard	1000	3694	Bokescreek	F Frazier	98	287	5 82 6	4 44 8	10 27 4
same	1000	3694	same	same	113	223	4 52 7	3 45 6	7 98 3
<b>Irwin Township, No. 9.</b>									
Irwin James jr	1833	5626	Bluescreek	Robert Means	65	110	2 23 3	1 70 5	3 93 8
John William	1000	3693	Bokescreek	F Frazier	57 3-8	151	3 05 1	2 33 0	5 38 1
Martin Samuel A	1000	3694	same	F Frazier	110	318	6 45 6	4 92 9	11 38 5
<b>McAdow Township, No. 10.</b>									
McAdow Hugh	1833	6493	Bluescreek	Robert Means	112	208	4 22 4	3 22 4	7 44 8
McGlade John	1776	5503	same	Andrew Mead	35	66	1 34 0	1 02 3	2 36 3
same	1776	5506	same	same	50	92	1 86 7	1 42 6	3 29 3
Richard William	1000	5886	Bokescreek	Robert Means	104	193	3 81 8	2 99 1	6 80 9
Skeels Harvey	1000	3693	same	F Frazier	192	580	11 78 1	8 99 0	20 77 1
Scott John	1776	5506	Bluescreek	Andrew Mead	100	186	3 77 6	2 88 3	6 65 9
Smart Joseph	1776	5506	same	same	100	191	3 88 3	2 96 0	6 83 8
Sands Thomas	611	6010	same	B W Ladd	100	212	4 37 0	2 28 6	7 58 9
Unglesby Thomas	640	6211	Fulton's cr.	James Barnet	100	186	3 72 6	3 88 3	6 60 9
<b>Allen Township, No. 9.</b>									
Huffman Kendall	250	4580	Darbycreek	Thomas Coleman	100	265	5 20 7	4 10 7	9 31 4
Wilcox Alvin	800	2875	same	Samuel Wallace	70	185	3 63 5	2 86 7	6 50 2
<b>Jackson Township, No. 10.</b>									
Cheney William	1000	9919	Rushcreek	Thomas Miller	50	93	2 00 9	1 43 8	3 49 6
Mathiot Joshua	500	4539	same	Scott & others	500	742	16 03 8	11 87 2	27 91 0
Temple Abraham	1000	9919	same	Thomas Miller	50	80	1 72 9	1 27 4	3 00 3
Thomas Wray	1000	9919	same	same	50	80	7 72 9	1 27 4	3 00 3
Tyler S	600	9921	same	George Weder	100	159	3 43 6	2 54 4	5 98 0
Welch Dennis	1000	9922	same	John Blackwell	20	50	1 08 0	80 0	1 88 0
Watson Wm M	400	9921	same	N Triplett	100	185	3 99 8	2 96 0	6 95 8
<b>York Township, No. 11.</b>									
Allen Edward T	1000	2982	Bokescreek	Andrew Turbourn	71	151	3 55 9	2 60 5	5 16 4
Broome Robson L	500	5216	same	David Williams	100	159	3 74 8	6 10 8	9 85 6
Brisben Andrew	839	3463	same	John Bowen	554	118	3 58 3	1 93 6	5 51 9
Butterfield Thomas	889	3469	same	same	150	239	5 53 5	4 12 2	9 65 7
Brown Smith	1200	5635	same	James Gilmore	100	173	4 07 8	2 98 5	7 06 3
Brooks James W	1000	5289	same	Thomas Bowyer	400	594	14 00 6	10 24 6	24 25 2
Cross Lucious	1000	3239	same	Baxley & Merryman	14	27	51 3	45 5	96 8
Crabtree James	904	12124	Fultonscreek	Mary Stephenson	40	79	1 86 2	2 18 2	4 04 4
Davis Amon	889	3463	Bokescreek	John Bowen	40	64	1 50 9	1 09 8	2 60 7
Duskey George	1000	3239	same	Baxley & Merryman	200	371	8 74 9	6 39 8	15 14 7
Freer J	1000	2982	Millcreek	Peter Mannifield	119	219	5 16 3	3 77 7	8 94 0
Henderson James	1000	3443	same	David Duncan	1694	303	7 26 2	5 31 3	12 57 5
Henson William	1000	3239	Bokescreek	Baxley & Merryman	61	113	2 63 4	1 94 9	4 61 3
Kellam Orrin	1000	2982	same	Andrew Turbourn	121	257	11 50 2*	8 37 3	20 07 2
Keener James	889	3470	same	John Bowen	73	136	3 20 8	2 34 6	5 55 3
Masters David	889	3463	same	same	33	53	1 24 9	91 4	2 16 4
<b>Merryman Township, No. 12.</b>									
Merryman Joseph	1000	3235	same	Baxley & Merryman	312	667	15 72 7	11 50 6	27 23 3
Merryman Charles	1000	3235	same	same	3174	672	15 84 5	11 59 2	27 43 7
Porter William	1000	5289	same	Thomas Bowyer	100	143	3 48 9	4 08 2	7 57 1
Price Barzaleel W	889	3463	same	John Bowen	50	80	1 88 6	1 38 0	3 26 6
Price Thomas	889	3463	same	same	46	98	1 96 7	1 69 0	3 65 7
Potts John	889	3469	same	same	125	300	7 07 4	5 17 5	12 25 9
Potts David's heirs	889	3469	same	same	100	238	5 61 1	4 10 4	9 71 5
Strong Silas G	1000	2832	Millcreek	Peter Mannifield	595	1024	59 92 7†	30 23 9	90 16 6
Smith James R	500	5216	Bokescreek	David Williams	76	121	2 85 8	2 70 9	5 56 7
Thomas John	1000	3238	same	Baxley & Merryman	100	173	4 07 8	2 98 5	7 06 3
Winter & Sigler	889	3468	same	John Bowen	1294	306	7 19 1	5 27 8	12 46 9
<b>Claibourne Township, No. 12.</b>									
Allen George N	4267	6293	Fultonscreek	B Claibourne	109	202	3 96 2	3 23 2	7 19 4
Beal Mary	1200	6307	same	William Pelham	68	110	2 16 1	1 76 0	3 92 1
Broome R L	6334	6307	same	Levin Joines	61	112	2 20 0	1 79 2	4 01 2
same	6334	6307	same	same	39	78	2 52 4	1 24 8	3 77 2
Dilsaver Adam	4267	6293	same	Buller C Claibourne	100	173	3 32 9	2 86 8	6 29 7
Hamilton Wm	1200	6307	same	Wm Pelham	50	120	2 35 8	1 92 0	4 27 8
Irwin Richard	4267	6293	same	Buller C Claibourne	100	172	3 37 9	2 75 2	6 13 1
Mathiot Joshua	2000	5809	same	John Nichols	2464	4897	96 22 6	78 35 2	174 57 8
Pelham William	1200	6307	same	Wm Pelham	84	133	2 67 2	2 17 6	4 84 8
Stephens Hugh M	1200	6307	same	same	20	42	82 4	67 6	1 50 0
Smith Thomas	800	7009	same	Andrew Moore	157	300	5 89 5	4 80 0	10 69 5
Swan Gustavus	6334	6107	same	Levin Joines	100	190	3 73 3	3 04 0	6 77 3
Wells James T	6334	6107	same	same	123	246	4 83 3	3 93 6	8 76 9
Walters Martin	809	7009	same	Andrew Moore	2	4	7 8	6 4	14 2
<b>Washington Township, No. 13.</b>									
Cunningham David	263	10445	Rushcreek	Green & Scott	654	113	2 22 0	1 92 1	4 14 1
Green William	1000	9894	same	Swan & Taylor	161	257	5 03 0	4 36 9	9 39 9
Johnson David's heirs	1000	9917	same	R Madison	83	133	2 62 0	2 26 1	4 88 1
Unknown	523	10177	same	A Williams	153	284	5 58 0	4 82 8	10 40 8
Wallace Cadwallader	1555	12289	same	E A Scarborough	72	108	2 12 2	1 83 6	3 95 8

\*For 1842.

†For 1842-3.

[CONCLUDED ON 3RD PAGE.]

[FROM THE OHIO STATE JOURNAL.]

## PRESIDENT TYLER &amp; MEXICO.

The remainder of the correspondence between Mr. Shannon and the Mexican Secretary Rejon, was transmitted to Congress on Thursday last, with a special message from the President in which it was supposed, by the letter writers and others at Washington, he would fulminate war and thunder against Mexico. The course of this correspondence with the Mexican Secretary seems to annoy the advisers of the Captain; but the President is disposed to end the war in words. There has been enough of them, in which it must be acknowledged, by those who have had time to look into the controversy, that we have received quite as good as we sent, and a little better, we being the aggressors and having been foiled. The intelligence of Friday, received by the last mail, contains the message and the whole of this correspondence. The following is in the concluding paragraph of the Message, which would have contained the sting, had it not been thought prudent to extract it. Instead of war and an appeal to arms, there is an appeal to the "judgement of the world." This is moderate and prudent, considering the heinous provocation from Mr. Rejon.—Hear the conclusion:

"A course of conduct such as has been described, on the part of Mexico, in violation of all friendly feeling, and of the courtesy which should characterize the intercourse between the nations of the earth might well justify the United

States in a resort to any measure to vindicate their national honour; but actuated by a sincere desire to preserve the general peace, and in view of the present condition of Mexico, the Executive resting upon its integrity, and not fearing but that the judgment of the world will duly appreciate its motives, abstains from recommending to Congress a resort to measures of redress, and contents itself with re-urging upon that body prompt and immediate action on the subject of Annexation. By adopting that measure, the United States will be in the exercise of an undoubted right; and if Mexico, not regarding that forbearance, shall aggravate the justice of her conduct by a declaration of war against them upon her head will rest all the responsibility.

## JOHN TYLER.

Correspondence of the Baltimore American. REPORT OF SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16, 1844. The Report of the Secretary of the Treasury was presented to the two Houses of Congress. It is very long, and in anticipation of its publication at length I send you an abstract of some of its most important provisions:

RECEIPTS.—For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1844, from all sources, \$30,381,755  
Balance in the Treasury, 1st January, 1843, 10,424,157  
\$40,116,257  
Balance in the Treasury, \$7,857,379

Estimated receipts for the year 1844 (from July, 1844 to July 1845,) the sum of 34,204,874  
Of this amount the sum of \$2,139,000, is expected from the sales of the Public Lands.

The report contains the following statements and suggestions:—  
That the Public Debt is 24,745,188 dollars.

That the expenditures of the fiscal year upon which we have entered, closing 30th of June, 1845, will be 32,955,827, dollars.

That the population of the country in fifty years will be 70,000,000.  
That the present land laws be materially changed and improved and under this head the various policies of graduation, and distribution are discussed.

That there should be a revision of the Tariff, but not at the present session of Congress. That the present time should be improved in obtaining information for future action. That Congress should be especially careful to avoid a deficient Revenue.

That measures should be taken for redeeming the Government Stock.

That in time of peace it is a wise and necessary policy to prepare for war, and lay up all those military stores which shall make us independent of foreign Governments. That the only wise policy for all Governments is to be prepared for all emergencies as they may arise.

JOHN CHAMBERS has been appointed Governor of Iowa.

## EFFECT OF RUFFIANISM IN POLITICS.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore American, gives the following account of an assault on John Q. Adams, on Wednesday last. This may be set down as one of the effects of that ruffianism in politics which has grown into practice among men who claim to be respectable.

The House were a good deal excited to-day as well as the citizens generally from learning that an assault had been committed upon John Quincy Adams. The assault was made previous to the meeting of the House. Mr. Adams had received a message through one of the pages stating that a gentleman wished to see him in the lobby. The request was obeyed, and Mr. Adams was met near the outdoor by a man of the name of Sanstang, who fell upon him with the most abusive language, and who had seized him and was about dealing him a blow or making an attempt to pull his nose, when some one came to the rescue and saved Mr. Adams from the gross indignity.

Mr. Adams appeared to be abundantly able to take care of himself, however, as when he was separated he was holding Mr. S. by the hand. The Sergeant-at-arms was sent for and the offender was taken into custody.

Mr. S., who committed this assault,

is a resident of the city, and was some few years since, I believe a candidate for the office of Sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives. Imbibing old prejudices, personal and political, which grew upon him in an excited moment, he made the assault, which seemed to be a very deliberate as well as a ruffianly piece of violence. The city authorities will keep him out of the way of further mischief.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The steamer Belle of Clarksville in collision with the Louisiana, below Helena, Arkansas, at midnight, on the 14th ult. The Belle of Clarksville sunk immediately, her hull parting from her cabin. It is ascertained that at least 31 persons were lost, including 18 passengers, 1 officer, and 12 slaves. The survivors were taken off



## Congressional Proceedings.

[FROM THE OHIO STATE JOURNAL.]

### THE NATURALIZATION LAWS.

DISCUSSION IN SENATE OF THE U. S.—A resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of an amendment of the Naturalization laws, so as to extend the term of naturalization and guard against frauds at the ballot-box, was introduced into the Senate of the U. States on the 16th, by Mr. Johnson, of Louisiana. As the resolution was merely one of inquiry, intended to elicit light on the subject, it was adopted without any direct opposition. It elicited, however, from several members of the Senate, an expression of opinion. Among others who addressed the Senate very briefly, was Mr. Rives of Virginia. We give the main portion of his remarks below, as calculated to throw much light on a question on which the public mind is interested at this time. We heartily accord, at the same time with the opinion expressed both by Mr. Rives and Mr. Merrick, that a re-investigation of the law and reform in its administration, is all that is necessary.

Mr. Rives referred to New York, Philadelphia, and other places, as evincing that a re-investigation of the law was necessary. In his opinion, a re-investigation of the existing law, a reform in the administration of the law, was more necessary, and would prove more efficacious than an alteration of it.

The term of five years' probation was fixed during General Washington's administration in 1795. In Mr. Adams' Presidency, owing to the then existing jealousy of foreigners, it was extended to fourteen years. In Mr. Jefferson's Presidency it was restored to five years, where it has ever since remained. Senators on the other side, who hold up Mr. Jefferson's policy as the model policy of the land, would do well to consider a proviso introduced into the naturalization laws during the first year of Mr. Jefferson's administration. Probably a recurrence to this proviso would answer the ends of the resolution now under consideration. This proviso enacted that all foreigners should apply to a special court and be registered, and that such register should describe the person, and state the age, the name, and the country of the party, and that this record should be the only admissible evidence of the identity of the party applying for citizenship.

What was done under Mr. Madison? It was ordered that no certificate of naturalization should be regarded as valid unless it contained this record, and also the record of the party's having declared his preliminary intention. So long as these two conservative principles were acted upon, no abuses were complained of. Relaxation, however, took place under Mr. Monroe's administration, during what was called "the era of good feeling." Mr. Madison's provisions were repealed in 1824, and this was the fatal relaxation. Then succeeded the change from making the declaration of intention in open court, to a private application to the clerk of the court. Notice of previous intention was brought down from three years to two. In these changes and relaxation might, in his opinion, be traced the sources of the evils complained of. In 1828 another radical relaxation took place by the repealing of the excellent precautionary enactments passed during Mr. Jefferson's and Mr. Madison's administrations.

Mr. Rives stated as his opinion that the evils complained of might, in a great measure, if not entirely, be remedied by reviving these rescinded provisions and strengthening them with auxiliary provisions. He did not doubt but that all Senators were desirous of remedying the evil complained of, and differed only as to the mode. Mr. R. thought that no extension of time, even to forty years, would do any good unless care is taken to guard against fraud; try this first, and if it does not answer the end, and furnish adequate protection, the voice of the country will bear out the Legislature in the extension of the time. All native born Americans and honestly and patriotically disposed naturalized citizens will unite in wishing that the laws of the country may be administered impartially and fairly. Looking at the history of legislation on this subject, he was decidedly of opinion if the enactments passed during Jefferson's and Madison's administrations had not been subsequently relaxed, we should still have enjoyed all the protection against abuse which was necessary. Mr. Rives concluded with a hope that his observations would furnish a common ground of action for the Senate, and lead to results acceptable alike both by native born and naturalized citizens.

Mr. Merrick said that this was not the time to enter into a general discussion of the subject; he hoped to have a full report from the able committee to which it would be referred. Much injustice had, he thought, been done to the foreign citizen; the abuses complained of had proceeded from the mal-administration of the native citizen; the fault is in the administration of the law, and not in the law itself. Let the evil be corrected where the evil exists. He hoped the report from the Committee on the Judiciary would allay the excitement, and satisfy the country. One evil of the present state of things is the unkind feelings which are excited and fostered between the native born and naturalized

citizen. He was unwilling to extend the probationary term. Foreigners were not half so bad as the mal-administrators of the laws.

### TEXAS ANNEXATION.

Mr. Weller appears desirous and willing to make himself useful in this business, to the South. His Texas resolutions were introduced on the 19th, pursuant to notice. They are eight in number, and provide for accepting Texas as she is "now known," leaving boundary to be settled afterward—pledging the public domain of Texas for the payment of the public debt, as far as it will go—at the same time confirming all valid claims to real estate "under existing laws of Texas." This is all to be done by joint resolution of the two Houses of Congress, regardless of treaties or our compact of Union, treating foreign and independent Texas as already an integral part of our confederacy, subject only to the concurrence of Texas in "town meeting" or some other supreme way. This new move, it would seem, is to get rid of Capt. Tyler's treaty as the basis. Did it not appear serious, on a serious subject, it would be laughed at.

Mr. Hamlin, of this State, moved that the resolutions be referred to a select committee, under instructions embraced in five heads, to enquire into the constitutional power of Congress to annex an independent foreign nation to this Government, to enquire also into the amount of debt, existing treaties, &c.

Under the rules, the motion to commit to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union, has precedence. The question was put by yeas and nays and carried in the affirmative, 109 to 60. Some of our friends regard this as an expression in favor of Annexation. We look upon it as a movement to get rid of the searching enquires of Mr. Hamlin.

Editor's Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20th, 1844.

This morning, after the House of Representatives convened, Mr. Dromgoole asked the general consent of members to have the rules suspended to afford an opportunity for members resolutions, to do so. Objection being made to the one he was then about to offer, he moved a suspension of the rules; his motion was declared by the Speaker to have carried, when a division was called for. The affirmative rose—then the negative, but there was not a quorum voting. The yeas and nays were then called for; then the motion withdrawn, and the Tellers were ordered. The Tellers reported, but no quorum voted. The yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Dromgoole, but their cries were "no," "no," so after a sufficient number had risen to demand the yeas and nays, the motion was withdrawn. At this time a motion was made to go into committee of the whole, and there were nearly as many motions made as there were members in the Hall, and nothing but confusion was exhibited for a considerable time. A very similar scene was re-acted, in getting the decision of the House as to whether they would go into committee of the whole. Succeeding at last in that, nearly the same difficulty occurred in deciding upon the bill which should be taken up, inasmuch that the Chairman (Cave Johnson) had almost to beg of members to get up and pass through the tellers. "Oliver Oldschool" remarked that the House presented a spectacle similar to the breaking up of a school of wild and giddy boys.

Bill No. 216, (the Subtreasury) was then taken up, and I regret to be unable for want of time, to give you a synopsis of the debate which followed. John Q. Adams made the first speech upon it, showing the establishment of Treasuries in various parts of the government or collecting moneys in different places, and calling those "the Treasury of the U. S." was not provided for nor contemplated by the Constitution. Mr. Dromgoole agreed that the people had, at the late election, decided in favor of the measure.

He was replied to by D. B. Barnard, of N. Y., in a very forcible and argumentative manner.

Mr. Douglass, of Ill., then made a speech upon it, also contending that the question was an issue which was settled by the late election.

Joseph R. Ingersoll followed. But the most powerful speech, and the most severe and cutting retort on the friends of that measure, was made by Mr. Smith, of Indiana. No speech of the present session has created as much sensation, and yet listened to with so much attention.

Very respectfully yours in haste. D.

CONSTITUTIONAL REQUISITES.—The CONSTITUTION of the United States declares that none but a native born citizen can be President of the United States. It also requires that members of Congress shall have been seven years citizens of the United States. Nine years citizenship is necessary to qualify for a seat in the Senate of the United States. Are these facts generally known?

MARRIED.—On the 24th ult. by J. M. Wilkinson, Esq., Mr. JOHN JONES, to Miss SUSANNAH PARKER.

On the 26th ult. by the same, Mr. PHILIP P. WILCOX, to Miss POLLY ANN DONLEY.

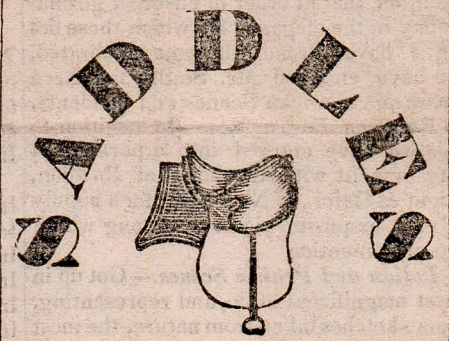
On the 27th ultimo, by the same, Mr. JOSEPH TRIPLETT to Miss JEDIDAH STOUT.

### List of Letters,

REMAINING in the Postoffice, at Marysville, Ohio, January 1st, 1845.

Badley, W. N. McIntire, Armadilla  
Boughman, David Morgan, A. L.  
Bowder, Samuel McClurg, Mr.  
Bell, Julius A. McAlister, Alex.  
Brown, Martial McDowell, A. 2  
Baxter, Geo. Moore, Robert  
Cahill, Joseph Orsborn, Daniel  
Dubgous, J. N. Price, Aaron 3  
Davis, S. T. Price, Thomas  
Dwail, Jefferson Perry, William  
Draper, Ira Perry, M. S. Nancy  
Dines, James 2 Ross, William  
Dines, Chambers Ross, Alexander  
Davis, Roxanna Rose, Miss M.  
Emberson, Wm. Scott, William 2  
Floyd, O. J. Stillings, A. 2  
Ginn, Robert Sullivan, Samuel 3  
Green, William Smith, William  
Hamilton, C. S. Shelton, Nancy W.  
Hall, A. Hide, Mrs. Elizabeth Simpson, Mrs. Abigail  
Johnson, James Small, Walter  
Kincaide, James Sheldon, Thos. A.  
Kelsey, Miss Roxanna Turner, Thomas  
Kennedy, J. J. Tidd, Martin  
Kerby, Robert P. Wells, J. T.  
Lease, John Wheeler, Marshall B.  
Longbrake, Levi Walker, Joseph  
Laughry, Samuel Welsh, Leah  
Lamers-Brevington, Welsh, Edith  
McAdou, Hugh 2 Werley, Wesley  
Maskill, Robert.

Persons calling for the above Letters, will please say they are advertised.  
GEO. W. CHERRY, P. M.  
January 4, 1845. no35



Cheaper than the Cheapest!!!

HAVING Bought Property again in Marysville, and settled down for life—and Mr. Jennings taken a notion for a city life; I have returned to the Old Saddle-Shop formerly occupied by EVANS & JENNINGS, and A. C. JENNINGS, where you will always find on hand all kinds of Saddles, from \$7.00 up—all kinds of Harness from a belly-band to the best of Gig, Buggy, &c.; Collars; Trunks; Valises; Saddle-Bags, and every thing made and kept by a Saddler, constantly on hand—all of which I warrant to be manufactured of the very best material and which I can sell lower for cash than any other shop; or all kinds of Produce; fat Cattle; Pork; Sugar; Linsey; Linnen; Tal-low; wheat; Oats; Corn; Rye; Flax-seed;—and in fact, every thing raised by the farmer long as a man wants it. Those who wish to give me a call.—I will please call.—I all my work.

N. B.—Shop south-west corner Public Square, under the old sign of Evans and Jennings. J. W. EVANS.  
Marysville, Dec. 21, 1844. no33-6m.

### Attachment Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a writ of Attachment was this day issued, at my instance, by E. W. Inskeep, a Justice of the Peace of Liberty township, Union co., Ohio, against the goods, chattels, rights, credits, monies and effects of John Parson, a non-resident debtor.

JAMES McILROY.  
Dec. 16, 1844. no34-3w

### TOWN-LOTS—CONTINUED FROM SECOND PAGE.

OWNERS NAMES.	WHAT TOWN.	IN LOTS.	WHAT PART.	VALUE.	TAX INTEREST AND PENALTY FOR 1843.	SIMPLE TAX FOR 1844.	TOTAL TAX.
Wood Dennis	Milford	28	east half	132	1 25 7	1 98 0	3 23 7
Willard James	Homer	17	Whole	4	07 8	6 0	13 8
same	same	18	do	4	07 8	6 0	13 8
Broome R L	Marysville	114	37 feet east end	24	1 01 7	39 6	1 41 2
same	same	119	do	23	77 5	37 9	1 15 4
Curry Otway	same	71	Whole	42	1 01 7	77 7	1 79 4
Lord George W	same	10	east half	32	77 5	52 8	1 30 3
same	same	15	do	48	1 10 2	79 2	1 95 4
M'Lain Stephen	same	52	one fourth	80	1 93 8	1 32 0	3 25 8
Smith Peyton B	same	18	whole	27	65 3	49 9	1 15 2
Strong Silas G	same	3	do	16	38 7	26 4	65 1
Sprague David R	same	7	do	53	1 29 3	87 4	1 15 7
same	same	10	west half	18	38 7	26 4	65 1
same	same	15	do	313	5 16 1	5 24 7	10 40 8
Thorlough Paul	same	16	one sixth out lot No 4	16	53 5	23 4	79 9
Taes Thomas	same	115	west two thirds	42	1 01 7	69 3	1 71 0
same	same	118	do	28	77 8	47 8	1 25 6
Unknown	same	36	one eighth	6	14 4	9 9	24 3
Unknown	same	111	whole	53	1 28 3	98 0	2 26 3
Wasson Mains	same	45	three eighth	198	4 79 8	3 24 7	8 04 5
Wolford Adam	same	64	out lot No 5	64	1 93 8	1 05 6	2 99 4
Walden Mary Ann	Essex	3	whole	2	04 3	3 3	7 6
Beal William	Summerville	18	do	16	37 6	27 6	65 2
Brisben Andrew	same	29	do	11	25 8	18 9	44 7
Davis Amon	same	12	do	8	18 8	13 8	32 6
Price John	same	30	do	16	94 7	27 6	1 22 3
Price Thomas	same	2	do	2	3 6	3 4	7 0
same	same	3	do	4	9 4	6 9	16 3
same	same	11	do	6	14 4	10 3	24 7
same	same	19	do	16	1 37 6	27 6	1 65 2
same	same	20	do	11	25 8	18 9	44 7
Beal Mary	Richwood	25	do	3	5 8	4 8	10 6
same	same	26	do	3	5 8	4 8	10 6
same	same	27	do	3	5 8	4 8	10 6
same	same	28	do	3	5 8	4 8	10 6
Burns David	same	127	one half	3	5 9	4 8	10 6
same	same	128	whole	5	9 8	8 0	17 8
Douglas Alexander	same	73	do	8	15 7	12 8	28 5
same	same	75	do	8	15 7	12 8	28 5
Everet Asa	same	57	one sixth	1	1 9	1 6	3 5
Fisher Benjamin	same	63	whole	3	6 8	4 8	10 6
same	same	84	do	3	5 8	4 8	10 6
same	same	60	one half	2	3 8	8 2	7 0
Frank Wm H	same	70	one half	4	7 8	6 4	14 2
Irwin James	same	17	whole	5	15 7	12 8	28 5
Johnson Samuel B	same	21	do	9	9 8	8 0	17 8
Little Peter	same	22	do	4	7 8	6 4	14 2
Price Damon A	same	124	do	4	7 8	6 4	14 2
same	same	125	do	4	7 8	6 4	14 2
same	same	126	do	4	7 8	6 4	14 2
same	same	80	do	5	9 8	8 0	17 8
Plummer Philip	same	109	do	4	7 8	6 4	14 2
same	same	148	do	5	9 8	8 0	17 8
Stephens Hugh M	same	149	do	5	9 8	8 0	17 8
same	same	150	do	4	7 8	6 4	14 2

I DO HEREBY CERTIFY, that the foregoing is a correct list of lands and town lots returned delinquent by Alexander Pollock, Treasurer of Union county, for the year 1843, upon which the taxes have not been paid, to which is added twenty five per cent. penalty, and six per cent. interest and the simple tax for 1844.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the whole of the several tracts of land, and town lots, and parts of lots, or as much thereof as will pay the taxes, interest and penalty charged thereon, will be offered for sale, each tract and town lot and part of lots, separately, at the door of the Court House in the town of Marysville, county of Union, and State of Ohio, on the second Monday in the month of January next, being the thirteenth day thereof; by the Treasurer of said county, in order to satisfy such taxes, interest and penalty; unless the same be paid into the county treasury before said second Monday in January, agreeably to the act entitled "An act prescribing the duties of county Auditors," passed and took effect March 23d, one thousand eight hundred and forty.

Auditor's Office, Marysville, Dec. 10th, 1844, 4w.

JOHN JOHNSON, AUDITOR OF UNION COUNTY, OHIO.

## "STOP AND THINK."

Which way now, BOB? To LEE & KINKADE'S!  
What am they got there? I hav'n't time to tell you now; but here's a hand-bill—READ THAT!

## More New Fall and Winter GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS are just receiving and are now opening at the sign of the 'New Cash Store,' direct from New York, a most splendid assortment of

### Fall and Winter Goods,

consisting of Fancy and staple Dry Goods among which may be found,

Calico, from 6 to 25 cents per yard;  
Woolen Shawls, from 87 cents to \$2.75;  
Muslin, 8 to 12 cents, yard wide; best  
Cotton Yarn, \$1.00 per bunch, and all other Goods in proportion.

MARYSVILLE, Dec. 21, 1844.

### ALSO,

A a splendid assortment of Groceries.  
Rio Coffee, 8 and 10 cents per lb.; Also,  
Dye-stuffs, and assortment Hardware, all sorts Axes for \$1.25; Queensware, cups and saucers for 25 cents a set; Spanish Sole Leather for 18 cents per lb.; Boots and Shoes, all sorts and sizes; Ladies' Slippers, from 37 cents to \$1.25; Hats and Caps from 12 cents up to \$2.00; Leghorn, Straw, Velvet and Willow Bonnets, &c., &c.

Come on, if you want to buy goods; for we can sell cheaper than any other concern in the country.

LEE & KINKADE.

Sheriff's Sale,  
I WILL offer for sale at the Court House, in Marysville, Union county, O., on the 8th day of January, 1845, between the legal hours, 1 bench screw, 1 grooving plane, 3 bits, 3 moving gauges, 5 gauges, 3 steel coopers, 1 V, 4 plane bits, 1 glazing knife, 2 mallets, 1 trying square, 1 flooring gauge, 1 side hook, 1 Monton box. Taken in execution at suit of T. F. Woods & W. L. Gibson vs. William E. Brown.

WM. M. ROBINSON, Sh'ff.  
Dec. 28, 1844. no34-2w

## Blanks!

DEEDS AND SUMMONS' JUST PRINTED AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE!

## BOWLS!

A CHOICE LOT of Wooden Bowls, just received and for sale low, at the Printing Office, in Marysville.

### Sale of real Estate by Order of Court.

ON the 25th day of January, 1845, 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the door of the Court house in Marysville, Union co., Ohio, will be sold to the highest bidder, the following real estate as the property of Nicholas Beal, dec'd, to wit: Situate in the township of York, county of Union, Ohio, being bounded and described as follows—beginning for one hundred acres of land at a dogwood, whiteth and ironwood in south line of survey No. 3238, marked for a corner running with said line, north 82° west 824 poles, to two beach trees and an elm tree; thence north 8° east 194 poles to a water ash, witnessed by two ashes and an elm tree; thence south 92° east 824 poles to two sugars, and two beach trees, thence south 8° west 194 poles to the place of beginning; being part of said survey No. 3238, subject to the dower of the widow—Appraised at \$237, 50. Terms of sale: One third cash in hand; one third in one year; and the residue in two years, with interest from the day of sale; to be secured by mortgage on the premises.

JEREMIAH BEAL, HIRAM BEAL, Adm'rs. of Nicholas Beal, deceased.  
Dec. 18th, 1844. no33-5w

### Notice

IS hereby given to all persons who know themselves delinquent in paying up the interest on the Surplus Revenue, are hereby requested to pay the same over before the 31st day of January next, as no longer time can be given. The Commissioners will meet at the usual place of receiving the same on that day. Also at that time the Commissioners will attend to the letting of the job of covering the Jail, and repairing the Bridge across Mill creek north of Marysville. By order of the Commissioners.

JAMES TURNER, C. B. F. C. U. C. O.  
Dec. 16, 1844. no33-6w

### Wm Ward's Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been appointed and qualified as administrator on the estate of Wm Ward, late of Union county, Ohio, dec'd, dated at Marysville this 10th day of December, 1844.

SAMUEL HARRIOTT, Adm.  
Dec. 14, 1844. no32-4w



